List of Courses for B.Sc. Computer Science Honors/General Degree program (w.e.f. AY 2017-18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>CSC101</td>
<td>Programming Fundamentals Using C</td>
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<td>CSG103 (BSc)</td>
<td>IT Fundamentals</td>
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<tr>
<td>CSG101 (BA)</td>
<td>Computer Fundamentals and Emerging Technologies</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>BSc Semester II</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>CSC102</td>
<td>Data Structures</td>
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<td>CSG102 (BA)</td>
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<tr>
<th>BSc Semester III</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>CSC103</td>
<td>Database Management Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSS103 (SEC)</td>
<td>Programming in Python</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BSc Semester IV</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>CSC104</td>
<td>Computer Organization and Operating Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSS104 (SEC)</td>
<td>Web Application Development using Flask</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSC105</td>
<td>Computer Networks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSC106</td>
<td>Object Oriented Programming</td>
</tr>
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<td>CSC107</td>
<td>Software Engineering</td>
</tr>
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<td>CSD101</td>
<td>Human Computer Interaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSD104</td>
<td>Embedded Systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester VI</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSC108</td>
<td>Mobile Application Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSC109</td>
<td>Full Stack Web Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSC110</td>
<td>Internet of Things</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSD107</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Analytics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSP101</td>
<td>Project</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F.Y.B.Sc. in Computer Science : From 2017-2018 onward:
(General and Honors)

Semester I

CSC 101 : Programming Fundamentals Using C

Total Marks: 150 (4 credits for theory and 2 credits for practical)

Theory: 100       Practical: 50

Internal Assessment for theory: 20 marks ISA and 80 marks SEE

Workload:   Theory : 4 Lectures per week of 1 hours duration
            Practical : 2 Practical sessions of 2 hours duration per week per batch.
            (correspond to total 4 lectures per week)

Theory : 60 Lectures

1) Overview of programming : (5 Lectures)
Introduction to computer based problem solving: Requirement of problem solving by computers, Problem definition, use of examples for problem solving, similarities between problems, problem solving strategies, Steps involved in problem solving

2) Program design and Implementation issues : (5 Lectures)
Programs and algorithms, Top down design and stepwise refinement, construction of loops, basic programming constructs, implementations

3) Programming environment : (3 Lectures)
Programming language classification, assemblers, examples of high level languages, compiler linking and loading, algorithms for problem solving.

4) Algorithms for Problem Solving : (18 Lectures)
Examples: exchanging values of two variables, summation of set of numbers, decimal to binary, reversing of digits of integer, greatest common divisor of two numbers, to verify whether a integer is prime or not, organize a given set of numbers in ascending order, find a square root of a integer, factorial of a given number, generate Fibonacci numbers for n terms, to find the value of power of a number raised by a integer, reverse order elements of a array, find the largest number in a array, print elements of upper triangular matrix, multiplication of two matrices, compute roots of a quadratic equations.

5) Overview of C : (15 Lectures)
Structure of a C program, data types, Constants and variables, operators and expressions, operators: arithmetic, logical, relational, assignment, ternary, comma operators; Control constructs: selection, iterative, branching statements; array constructs, Strings, basic I/O, functions, recursion. Macro, preprocessor directives.

6) Pointers and structured data types (9 Lectures)
Pointers, structures and unions, enumerated data type
Implementation of arrays and structure using pointers, Sparse Matrices (Array and Linked Representation)
7) FILE HANDLING : Text and data file create, open , read and write . (5 Lectures)

Reference Books :
1). Harsha Priya, R. Ranjeet, “Programming and problem solving through C language”, Firewall Media
2). Jeri R. Hanly, Elliot B. Koffman, “Problem solving and program design in C”, Pearson Addison Wesley.++
3). R. G. Dromey, “How to solve it by computer”, PHI

CSC 101 : Programming Fundamentals Using C (Lab)

Practical’s : 60 Lectures

Algorithms should be developed for solving a given problem. ‘C’ programs should be written based on the algorithms.

The following list of problems may be used as exercises :

1. Print the sum and product of digits of an integer.
2. Reverse a number.
3. Compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+……
4. Compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S =1-2+3-4+5………
5. Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
6. Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
7. Compute the factors of a given number.
8. Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
9. Print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

    *
    ***
    *****
    *******
    *********
10. Perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
   i) Print the even-valued elements
   ii) Print the odd-valued elements
   iii) Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
   iv) Print the maximum and minimum element of array
   v) Remove the duplicates from the array
   vi) Print the array in reverse order

The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options. The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.

11. Take the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.

12. Display Fibonacci series (i) using recursion, (ii) using iteration

13. Calculate Factorial of a number (i) using recursion, (ii) using iteration

14. Calculate GCD of two numbers (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion.
15 recursion
1. Write a program in C to print first 50 natural numbers using recursion. Expected Output :
The natural numbers are : 1  2  3
                     4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13
                     14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
                     22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
                     31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
                     39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
                     48 49 50

2. Write a program in C to calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to n using recursion. Test Data :
Input the last number of the range starting from 1 : 5
Expected Output :
The sum of numbers from 1 to 5 :
15

3. Write a program in C to Print Fibonacci Series using recursion. 
Test Data :
Input number of terms for the Series (< 20) : 10
Expected Output :
Input number of terms for the Series (< 20) : 10
The Series are :
1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55

4. Write a program in C to print the array elements using recursion. Test Data :
Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :6
Input 6 elements in the array :
element - 0 : 2
element - 1 : 4
element - 2 : 6
element - 3 : 8
element - 4 : 10
element - 5 : 12

Expected Output :
The elements in the array are : 2  4  6  8  10  12

5. Write a program in C to count the digits of a given number using recursion. Test Data :
Input a number : 50

Expected Output :
The number of digits in the number is : 2

16 Pointers
1. Write a program in C to show the basic declaration of pointer. Expected Output :
z stores the address of m = 0x7ffe97a39854
   *z stores the value of m = 10
   &m is the address of m = 0x7ffe97a39854
   &n stores the address of n = 0x7ffe97a39858
   &o stores the address of o = 0x7ffe97a3985c
   &z stores the address of z = 0x7ffe97a39860

2. Write a program in C to demonstrate how to handle the pointers in the program.
   Expected Output :
Address of m : 0x7ffcc3ad291c
   Value of m : 29

   Now ab is assigned with the address of m.
   Address of pointer ab : 0x7ffcc3ad291c
   Content of pointer ab : 29

   The value of m assigned to 34 now.
   Address of pointer ab : 0x7ffcc3ad291c
   Content of pointer ab : 34

   The pointer variable ab is assigned with the value 7 now.
   Address of m : 0x7ffcc3ad291c
   Value of m : 7

3. Write a program in C to demonstrate the use of & (address of) and *(value at address) operator.
   Expected Output :
   Using & operator :
   ---------------------
   address of m = 0x7ffea3610bb8
   address of fx = 0x7ffea3610bbc
   address of cht = 0x7ffea3610bb7
Using & and * operator:

value at address of m = 300
value at address of fx = 300.600006
value at address of cht = z

Using only pointer variable:

different address of m = 0x7ffea3610bb8
address of fx = 0x7ffea3610bbc
address of cht = 0x7ffea3610bb7

Using only pointer operator:

value at address of m = 300
value at address of fx = 300.600006
value at address of cht = z

4. Write a program in C to add two numbers using pointers.
Test Data:
Input the first number : 5
Input the second number : 6
Expected Output:
The sum of the entered numbers is : 11

5. Write a program in C to add numbers using call by reference. Go to the editor
Test Data:
Input the first number : 5
Input the second number : 6
Expected Output:
The sum of 5 and 6 is 11

17 File Handling
1. Write a program in C to create and store information in a text file.
Test Data:
Input a sentence for the file : This is the content of the file test.txt.
Expected Output:
The file test.txt created successfully...!!

2. Write a program in C to read an existing file.
Test Data:
Input the file name to be opened : test.txt
Expected Output:
The content of the file test.txt is :
This is the content of the file test.txt.

3. Write a program in C to write multiple lines in a text file. Test Data:
Input the number of lines to be written : 4
4. Write a program in C to read the file and store the lines into an array.
Test Data:
Input the file name to be opened: test.txt

Expected Output:
The content of the file test.txt are:

    test line 1
    test line 2
    test line 3
    test line 4

5. Write a program in C to Find the Number of Lines in a Text File.
Test Data:
Input the file name to be opened: test.txt

Expected Output:
The lines in the file test.txt are: 4
CSC 102 : Data Structures

Total Marks: 150 (4 credits for theory and 2 credits for practical)

Theory: 100  Practical: 50

Internal Assessment for theory: 20 marks ISA and 80 marks SEE

Workload: Theory: 4 Lectures per week of 1 hours duration
Practical: 2 Practical sessions of 2 hours duration per week per batch.
(correspond to total 4 lectures per week)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Stacks (7 Lectures)
Implementing single / multiple stack/s in an Array; Prefix, Infix and Postfix expressions, Utility and conversion of these expressions from one to another; Applications of stack; Limitations of Array representation of stack

Linked Lists (10 Lectures)
Singly, Doubly and Circular Lists (Array and Linked representation); Normal and Circular representation of Stack in Lists; Self Organizing Lists; Skip Lists

Queues (6 Lectures)
Array and Linked representation of Queue, De-queue, Priority Queue.

Recursion (5 lectures)
Developing Recursive Definition of Simple Problems and their implementation; Advantages and Limitations of Recursion; Understanding what goes behind Recursion (Internal Stack Implementation)

Trees (19 Lectures)
Introduction to Tree as a data structure; Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Recursive and Iterative Traversals on Binary Search Trees); Threaded Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Traversals); Height-Balanced Trees (Various operations on AVL Trees).

Searching and Sorting (7 Lectures)
Linear Search, Binary Search, Comparison of Linear and Binary Search, Bubble sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Comparison of Sorting Techniques.

Hashing (6 Lectures)
Introduction to Hashing, Deleting from Hash Table, Efficiency of Rehash Methods, Hash Table Reordering, Resolving collision by Open Addressing, Coalesced Hashing, Separate Chaining, Dynamic and Extendible Hashing, Choosing a Hash Function, Perfect Hashing Function
Reference Books:

Data Structures (Lab)

Practical’s : 60 lectures

Suggested list of Practicals:

1. Write a program to search an element from a list. Give user the option to perform Linear or Binary search. Use Template functions.

2. WAP using templates to sort a list of elements. Give user the option to perform sorting using Insertion sort, Bubble sort or Selection sort.

3. Implement Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list and concatenate two linked lists (include a function and also overload operator +).

4. Implement Doubly Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.

5. Implement Circular Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.

6. Perform Stack operations using Linked List implementation.

7. Perform Stack operations using Array implementation. Use Templates.

8. Perform Queues operations using Circular Array implementation. Use Templates.

9. Create and perform different operations on Double-ended Queues using Linked List implementation.

10. WAP to scan a polynomial using linked list and add two polynomial.

11. WAP to calculate factorial and to compute the factors of a given no. (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration

12. (ii) WAP to display fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration

13. WAP to calculate GCD of 2 number (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion

14. WAP to create a Binary Search Tree and include following operations in tree:
   a) Insertion (Recursive and Iterative Implementation)
   b) Deletion by copying
   c) Deletion by Merging
   d) Search a no. in BST
e) Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Recursively
f) Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Iteratively
g) Display its level-by-level traversals
h) Count the non-leaf nodes and leaf nodes
i) Display height of tree
j) Create a mirror image of tree
k) Check whether two BSTs are equal or not

15 WAP to convert the Sparse Matrix into non-zero form and vice-versa.
16 WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional stack.
17 WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional Queue.
18 WAP to implement Diagonal Matrix using one-dimensional array.
19 WAP to implement Lower Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
20 WAP to implement Upper Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
21 WAP to implement Symmetric Matrix using one-dimensional array.
22 WAP to create a Threaded Binary Tree as per inorder traversal, and implement operations like finding the successor / predecessor of an element, insert an element, inorder traversal.
23 WAP to implement various operations on AVL Tree.
B.Sc. General Elective Papers

Semester – I

General Elective : GE-1 : (Credits : 04) - (3 + 1 Lab)

CSG 103: IT Fundamentals

Introduction: Introduction to logical organization of computer, input and output devices (with connections and practical demo), keyboard, mouse, joystick, scanner, OCR, OMR, monitor, printer, plotter, primary memory, secondary memory, auxiliary memory.

User Interface: Operating system as user interface, system tools, utility programs

Database: Introduction to database, relational data model, Entity types, entity set, attribute and key

Networks: Definition of network, classification of network, LAN, MAN, WAN, distinction among the networks, Guided Media: Twisted pair, Coaxial cable, and Optical fiber. Unguided media: Microwave, Radio frequency propagation, Satellite, LAN

Topologies: Ring, bus, star, mesh and tree topologies.

Internet Applications: Internet as a global network, Search Engine, Online education, Internet utilities – email, online banking, reservations etc.

Use of Computers in Education and Research: Data analysis, Heterogeneous storage, e-Library, Google Scholar, Domain specific packages such as SPSS, Mathematica etc.

Reference Books:

General Elective : GE-1 : IT Fundamentals

Practical: 30 lectures

Practical exercises based on Open Office/MS Office tools using document preparation, spreadsheet handling packages and presentation software.

Word processor

1. Prepare a grocery list having four columns (Serial number, The name of the product, quantity and price) for the month of April, 06.
   - Font specifications for Title (Grocery List): 14-point Arial font in bold and italics.
   - The headings of the columns should be in 12-point and bold.
   - The rest of the document should be in 10-point Times New Roman.
   - Leave a gap of 12-points after the title.
2. Create a telephone directory.
• The heading should be 16-point Arial Font in bold • The rest of the document should use 10-
point font size
• Other headings should use 10-point Courier New Font.
• The footer should show the page number as well as the date last updated.

3. Design a **time-tableform** for your college.
   • The first line should mention the name of the college in 16-point Arial Font and should be bold.
   • The second line should give the course name/teacher’s name and the department in 14-point
   Arial.
   • Leave a gap of 12-points.
   • The rest of the document should use 10-point Times New Roman font.
   • The footer should contain your specifications as the designer and date of creation.

4. BPB Publications plans to release a new book designed as per your syllabus. Design the **first page of the book** as per the given specifications.
   • The title of the book should appear in bold using 20-point Arial font.
   • The name of the author and his qualifications should be in the center of the page in 16-point
   Arial font.
   • At the bottom of the document should be the name of the publisher and address in 16-point
   Times New Roman.
   • The details of the offices of the publisher (only location) should appear in the footer.

5. Create the following one page documents.
   (a) Compose a note inviting friends to a get-together at your house, Including a list of
   things to bring with them.
   (b) Design a certificate in landscape orientation with a border around the document.

6. Create the following documents:
   (a). A newsletter with a headline and 2 columns in portrait orientation, including at least one
   image surrounded by text.
   (b). Use a newsletter format to promote upcoming projects or events in your classroom or
   college.

7. Convert following text to a table, using comma as delimiter

   **Color, Style, Item**

   Blue, A980, Van
   Red, X023, Car
   Green, YL724, Truck
   Name, Age, Sex
   Bob, 23, M
   Linda, 46, FTom, 29, M

8. Enter the following data into a table given on the next page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Salesperson</th>
<th>Dolls</th>
<th>Trucks</th>
<th>Puzzles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kulbhushan</td>
<td>1327</td>
<td>1423</td>
<td>1193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vidya</td>
<td>1421</td>
<td>3863</td>
<td>2934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parmaod</td>
<td>5214</td>
<td>3247</td>
<td>5467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gurmeet</td>
<td>2190</td>
<td>1278</td>
<td>1928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Afsar</td>
<td>1201</td>
<td>2528</td>
<td>1203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atwater, Kelly</td>
<td>4098</td>
<td>3079</td>
<td>2067</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Add a column Region (values: S, N, N,S,S,S) between the Salesperson and Dolls columns to the given table. Sort your table data by Region and within Region by Salesperson in ascending order:

9. In this exercise, you will add a new row to your table, place the word "Total" at the bottom of the Salesperson column, and sum the Dolls, Trucks, and Puzzles columns.

10. Wrapping of text around the image.

11. Following features of menu option must be covered
   - FILE: Complete menu
   - EDIT: Complete menu
   - VIEW: Complete menu
   - INSERT: Complete menu
   - FORMAT: Complete menu
   - TABLE: Complete menu
   - WINDOW: Complete menu
   - HELP: Complete menu
   - TOOLS: All options except Online collaboration, Tools on Macro, Templates

1. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

   **REGIONAL SALES PROJECTION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Qtr1</th>
<th>Qtr2</th>
<th>Qtr3</th>
<th>QTR4 Total</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delhi</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>2100</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Punjab</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.P.</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3200</td>
<td>2600</td>
<td>2800</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harayana</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>2700</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajasthan</td>
<td>2100</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **TOTAL AVERAGE**
   (a) Apply Formatting as follow: Title in TIMES NEW ROMAN

   - Font Size - 14
   - Remaining text - ARIAL, Font Size -10
   - State names and Qtr. Heading Bold, Italic with Gray Fill Color.
   - Numbers in two decimal places.
   - Qtr. Heading in center Alignment.
   - Apply Border to whole data.

   (b) Calculate State and Qtr. Total
   (c) Calculate Average for each quarter
   (d) Calculate Amount = Rate * Total.
2. Given the following worksheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Roll No.</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Marks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1001</td>
<td>Sachin</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1002</td>
<td>Sehwag</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1003</td>
<td>Rahul</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1004</td>
<td>Sourav</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1005</td>
<td>Har Bhajan</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculate the grade of these students on the basis of following guidelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Marks</th>
<th>Then Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 80</td>
<td>A+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 60 &lt; 80</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 50 &lt; 60</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt; 50</td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Given the following worksheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Salesman</td>
<td>Sales in (Rs.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>S001</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>8500</td>
<td>12000</td>
<td>9000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>S002</td>
<td>7000</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>7500</td>
<td>11000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>S003</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>9000</td>
<td>6500</td>
<td>8200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>S004</td>
<td>5500</td>
<td>6900</td>
<td>4500</td>
<td>10500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>S005</td>
<td>7400</td>
<td>8500</td>
<td>9200</td>
<td>8300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>S006</td>
<td>5300</td>
<td>7600</td>
<td>9800</td>
<td>6100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculate the commission earned by the salesmen on the basis of following Candidates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Total Sales</th>
<th>Commission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt; 20000</td>
<td>0% of sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 20000 and &lt; 25000</td>
<td>4% of sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 25000 and &lt; 30000</td>
<td>5.5% of sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 30000 and &lt; 35000</td>
<td>8% of sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 35000</td>
<td>11% of sales</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The total sales is sum of sales of all the four quarters.

3. A company XYZ Ltd. pays a monthly salary to its employees which consists of basic salary, allowances & deductions. The details of allowances and deductions are as follows:

**Allowances**
- HRA Dependent on Basic
30% of Basic if Basic <=1000

25% of Basic if Basic>1000 & Basic<=3000

20% of Basic if Basic >3000

• DA Fixed for all employees, 30% of Basic
• Conveyance Allowance Rs. 50/- if Basic is <=1000
  Rs. 75/- if Basic >1000 & Basic<=2000
  Rs. 100 if Basic >2000
• Entertainment Allowance NIL if Basic is <=1000
  Rs. 100/- if Basic >1000

Deductions

• Provident Fund 6% of Basic
• Group Insurance Premium Rs. 40/- if Basic is <=1500
  Rs. 60/- if Basic > 1500 & Basic<=3000
  Rs. 80/- if Basic >3000

Calculate the following:

Gross Salary = Basic + HRA + DA + Conveyance + Entertainment

Total deduction = Provident Fund + Group Insurance Premium

Net Salary = Gross Salary – Total Deduction

4. Create Payment Table for a fixed Principal amount, variable rate of interests and time in the format below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. of Instalments</th>
<th>5%</th>
<th>6%</th>
<th>7%</th>
<th>8%</th>
<th>9%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>XX</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Use an array formula to calculate Simple Interest for given principal amounts given the rate of Interest and time

Rate of Interest 8%

Time 5 Years

Principal Simple Interest

1000 ? 18000 ?
5200 ?

6. The following table gives an year wise sale figure of five salesmen in Rs.

Salesman 2000 2001 2002 2003
S1 10000 12000 20000 50000
S2 15000 18000 50000 60000
S3 20000 22000 70000 70000
S4 30000 30000 100000 80000
S5 40000 45000 125000 90000

(a) Calculate total sale year wise.
(b) Calculate the net sale made by each salesman
(c) Calculate the maximum sale made by the salesman
(d) Calculate the commission for each salesman under the condition.
(i) If total sales > 4,00,000 give 5% commission on total sale made by the salesman.
(ii) Otherwise give 2% commission.
(c) Draw a bar graph representing the sale made by each salesman.
(f) Draw a pie graph representing the sale made by salesman in 2000.

7. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PERSONAL BUDGET FOR FIRST QUARTER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Income (Net) : 1,475</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPENSES</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MARCH</th>
<th>QUARTER TOTAL</th>
<th>QUARTER AVERAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rent</td>
<td>600.00</td>
<td>600.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>48.25</td>
<td>43.50</td>
<td>60.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilities</td>
<td>67.27</td>
<td>110.00</td>
<td>70.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit Card</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>110.00</td>
<td>70.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>150.00</td>
<td>90.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AV to Insurance</td>
<td>150.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable TV</td>
<td>40.75</td>
<td>40.75</td>
<td>40.75</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Calculate Quarter total and Quarter average.
(b) Calculate Monthly total.
(c) Surplus = Monthly income - Monthly total.
(d) What would be total surplus if monthly income is 1500.
(e) How much does telephone expense for March differ from quarter average.
(f) Create a 3D column graph for telephone and utilities.
(g) Create a pie chart for monthly expenses.

8. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOTAL REVENUE EARNED FOR SAM'S BOOKSTALL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Publisher name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

800.00 Rs. 1,000.00 Rs. 3,000.00 Rs. 560.00

(a) Compute the total revenue earned.
(b) Plot the line chart to compare the revenue of all publisher for 4 years.
(c) Give appropriate categories and value axis title.

9. Generate 25 random numbers between 0 & 100 and find their sum, average and count. How many no. are in range 50-60

10. Create at least 5 presentations on various topics such as College festival, Countryside, College tour etc.
CSG 104 : Multimedia and Web Design

Multimedia : Definition, Components, uses, applications  6L

Multimedia Input/Output Devices: scanner, camera, microphone, speaker, monitors, printers.  5L

Multimedia Storage Devices: CD ROMs, DVDs, Blue ray disk.  8L

Multimedia Tools: Sound editor, video editor, animator, authoring tools.  6L

Web Designing: Concept of website, website as a communication resource. Internet, intranet and extranet.  7L

HTML: Introduction to hypertext markup language (html) document type definition, creating web pages, graphical elements, lists, hyperlinks, tables, web forms, inserting images, frames, use of CSS  7L

Reference Books:

General Elective :GE-2 : Multimedia and Web Design

Practical:

Practical exercises based on Open Office tools using presentation software, web design and development tools, image editing tools (Gimp) and animation tools such as Blender

1. Create an HTML document with the following formatting options:
   I. Bold
   II. Italic
   III. Underline
   IV. Headings (Using H1 to H6 heading styles)
   V. Font (Type, Size and Color)
   VI. Background (Colored background/Image in background)
   VII. Paragraph
   VIII. Line Break
   IX. Horizontal Rule
   X. Pre tag
2. Create an HTML document which consists of:
   I. Ordered List
   II. Unordered List
   III. Nested List
   IV. Image

Optional
Implement the followings using Blender -

1. Create an animation using the tools panel and the properties panel to draw the following – Line, pe , oval, circle, rectangle, square, pencil, brush, lasso tool
2. Create an animation using text tool to set the font, size, color etc.
3. Create an animation using **Free transform tool** that should use followings-
   Move Objects
   Skew Objects
   Stretch Objects
   Rotate Objects
   Stretch Objects while maintaining proportion
   Rotate Objects after relocating the center dot
4. Create an animation using layers having following features- Insert layer, Delete layer, guide layer, Mask layer.
5. Modify the document (changing background color etc. ) using the following tools
   Eraser tool
   Hand tool
   Ink bottle tool
   Zoom tool
   Paint Bucket tool
   Eyedropper tool
6. Create an animation for bus car race in which both starts from the same point and car wins the race.
7. Create an animation in which text Hello gets converted into GoodBye (using motion/shape tweening).
8. Create an animation having five images having fade-in fade-out effect.
9. Create an scene to show the sunrise (using multiple layers and motion tweening)
B.A. General Elective Papers

Semester – I

GE1: Generic Elective as per CBCS (Credits: 04) - (3 + 1 Lab)

CSG101: Computer Fundamentals and Emerging Technologies

Credits: 3+1  Duration: 2 hrs.  Marks: 100 (Theory 75 + Practical 25)

Lectures: 45, Practical Lab 15 Sessions  Batch Size: 10-15 per batch

One Theory Lecture = One Hour & One Practical Lab Session = Two Hours

Course Objectives: To provide an understanding of Fundamental Technology Concepts and Emerging Technologies in Computer Field. Includes practical skills in data capture, text editing with report formatting, effective presentation tools, efficient search techniques and online collaboration tools.

Unit I  Lectures: 15, Practical Lab: 1 Sessions  Marks (Theory-30, Practicals-1)

Computer Fundamentals (Theory)

Introduction: Introduction to computer system, uses, types.

Data Representation: Number system and Coding Schemes (ASCII and UNICODE).

Human Computer Interface: Relationship between Hardware and Software, Types of software, Operating system as user interface, utility programs.


Lab 1: Computer Fundamentals (Practicals)

- Features of MS Windows based OS and any of the Linux flavor, Setting up users and User rights in a computer, Adding a printer, Software Installation
- Troubleshooting basic computer connections.

Unit II Lectures: 15, Practical Lab: 10 Sessions  Marks (Theory-10, Practicals-18)

Content/Data Management Tools (Theory)

User Generated Content: Blogs and Wikis.

Online Data Capture Tools: Types of data capture form templates (Personal, Work and Education). Question Formats for data capture (short answer, paragraph, multiple choice, check-box, drop-down, linear-scale, multiple choice grid). Data form design (Add new question, add section, add title/description/image/video).

Data form distribution techniques (Send via email, publish on social media, send as link). Response management (Print responses, Export to spreadsheet, View analysis, Include analysis in word processing reports)
Text Formatting using Word Processing tools: Use of Templates, Working with document: Editing text, Find and replace text, Formatting, spell check, Autocorrect, Autotext; Bullets and numbering, Tabs, Paragraph Formatting, Indent, Page Formatting, Header and footer, section break, footnotes, bibliography and references. Tables: Inserting, filling and formatting a table; Inserting Pictures and Video; Managing Mail Merge: including linking with Database; Printing documents Creating Business Documents using the above facilities.

Data Presentation using Presentation tools: Slides, Fonts, Drawing, Editing; Inserting: Tables, Images, texts, Symbols, Media; Design; Transition; Animation; and Slide-show. Creating Business Presentations using above facilities.

Lab 2.1 : Creating Content for the Web (Practicals)
   b. Edit Wikipedia articles.

Lab 2.2 : Data Capture using Google Forms (Practicals)
   a. Create data forms to capture data for Event Registration, Event Feedback, Customer feedback/satisfaction on a product or service and Order Request.

Lab 2.3 : Report Formatting using Word Processing (Practicals)
   a. Draft an official letter for job interview invitation/ job appointment/ invitation to an event, use mail merge to input the recipients list linking with database.
   b. Given a project report in PDF format transfer to word processor software and format to include title page, specified Paragraph and Page Formatting (page size, orientation, line spacing, font type and font size, Indent, bullets, paragraph formatting) details, Acknowledgement page, Table of contents page, List of figures page, List of Tables page, bibliography, references, distinct headers for each chapter, page numbering in roman for initial pages and normal from first chapter. The document should be checked for spelling errors and corrected appropriately.
   c. Design a certificate in landscape orientation with a border around the document.
   d. Design a Garage Sale sign.

Lab 2.4 : Content Presentation using Presentation Software (Practicals)
   a. Preparing presentation in areas such as Impact of Social Media on Youth, Emerging trends in Mobile Technology include appropriate slide animation, slide transitions, sound recording, slide timings, customer feedback video.
   b. Export the presentation as video or save as slide show.
   c. Prepare handouts for audience.

Unit III Lectures: 5, Practical Lab: 3 Sessions Marks(Theory -20, Practical -5)

Overview of Emerging Technologies

Lab 3: Web Applications (Practicals)
   a. Scheduling tasks in Google Calendar
   b. Create/Upload documents / spreadsheets and presentations online.
   c. Share and Collaborate in real time
   d. Safely store and organize your work of Google Drive or OneDrive
Unit IV Lectures: 10, Practical Lab: 1 Sessions Marks (Theory-15, Practical -1)

Computing Trends in Internet, Education and Research:
Internet-role and importance, Web Server and Web clients like web browser or web app, IP addressing : Public Vs Private, Static Vs Dynamic, world wide web and related protocols, e-Library, Google Scholar.

Lab 4: Internet Applications (Practicals)
   a. Surfing the Internet, Using Email and Search Engines
   b. Advanced web search and translation services, Web search, image search, Search only for pages that contain (ALL the search terms contain the exact phrase you type, contain at least one of the words you type, do NOT contain any of the words you type, written in a certain language, created in a certain file format like ppt, pdf, rtf, doc, xls)
   c. Advanced search operators: Include search (“+” search), synonym search, OR search, Domain search, Numrange search, other advanced search features (Google, Local language, Technology Search, Date, Occurrences, Domains, Safe search),

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to Information Technology by ITL Education Solutions Limited, second edition.
2. ‘O’ Level made simple “introduction to ICT resources” by Satish Jain, Shashank Jain, Shashi Singh & M. Geetha Iyer, BPB publication.
4. Information Technology The breaking wave by Dennis Curtin Tata McGraw-hill edition
B.A. General Elective Papers

Semester – II

GE2: Generic Elective as per CBCS (Credits : 04) - (3 + 1 Lab)

CSG 102: Cyber Space and Cyber Security

Credits: 3+1 Duration: 2 hrs. Marks: 100(Theory 75 + Practical 25)

Lectures: 45, Practical Lab 15 Sessions Batch Size: 10-15 per batch

One Theory Lecture = One Hour & One Practical Lab Session = Two Hours

Course Objectives: To introduce computer networking, e-commerce and understand principles of cyber security, online threats and cyber laws and prepare students to adopt safe practices.

Unit I Lectures: 6, Practical Lab: 2 Sessions Marks (Theory -15, Practicals -2)

Basics of Computer Networking

Lab 1
- Basic Networking Setup of PC, Network commands like ipconfig, ping, traceroute, nslookup / dig etc, Setup of Home Router / Wifi Hotspot,
- Understanding of Firewall and Basic Firewall Setup, File and Printer Sharing, connecting to share
- Setup of Email Clients like Outlook, FTP Clients and Upload / Download.
- Finding out public address, connection speeds etc.

Unit II Lectures: 10, Practical Lab: 04 Sessions Marks (Theory-15, Practicals-16)

E-Commerce
Definition, Hardware requirements, E-commerce and Trade Cycle, Electronic Markets, Electronic Data Interchange and Internet Commerce, Benefits and Risk, Types of E-commerce :Business to Business E-Commerce, Business to Consumer E-Commerce, Consumer to Consumer, Electronic Payment Systems: Smart Cards – Credit Cards – Wallets, Risks, E-Retail, Concept and Examples, E-Banking, Features and services , M-Commerce, Products and services
**Lab 2**

**E-commerce**

- Attempt to purchase a product online from any E-Commerce Site. Proceed till payment gateway. Check digital certificates (such as ebay.in and amazon.com)
- Write a review of an E-Commerce Site visited include: Site description, Site Design, ease in navigation, process for purchasing items, security, privacy, compare with competitors, customer service, best features of site etc.
- An E-commerce site case study: Include Target market/audience: who uses this service?

  Revenue model: where does the money come from? Competitive environment: who else is competing in this market, or who might enter the market and threaten this company's position? Competitive advantage analysis: how is your case company attempting to gain an advantage: competing on cost? Differentiation? How are they promoting their products in the marketplace? How have they been doing - financial results if available?

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**Unit III Lectures: 15, Practical Lab: 02 Sessions**

**Marks (Theory-25, Practicals-2)**

**Emerging threats in Cyber Space**

Introduction to cyber space, Malware threats- Definition and types (Virus/ worms, Trojan, Rootkits, Spyware, Keyloggers). Social Engineering, Cyber Crimes – Definition, Types (DOS, Intellectual Property crimes, Unauthorized access to computer system or networks, Theft of information contained in electronic form, Cyber Stalking, Identity Theft, Forgery, E-mail Spoofing, E-mail bombing, Online gambling, Sale of illegal articles, Child pornography, Cyber Defamation, Salami attack, Phishing, Pharming, Data Diddling, Virus/worm attack, logic bombs, Web jacking, Theft of computer system, physically damaging a computer system, Cyber warfare, Cyber terrorism.)

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**Lab 3**

- **Installation and Configuration of any free Antivirus Package eg. AVG/Avast etc., Using Antivirus Package for Threat Detection**
- **Browser security and Safety such as Understanding SSL and Certificates, checking URL of site for Phishing attempts**
- **Email Headers and Tracking, Identification of Phishing Emails**

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**Unit IV Lectures: 7, Practical Lab 03 Sessions**

**Marks (Theory-10, Practicals-2)**

**Online Privacy and Cyber Safety**


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**Lab 4**

- **Keeping passwords cyber secure-Choosing strong password,**
- **Privacy settings on Facebook, Social Media Safety**
- **Payment Systems Security concerns and Safe Practices**
- **Online Banking Security features, OpenPGP Tools.**
Cyber Laws and Cyber Forensics


Lab 5

- Use of Investigation tools such as Winhex for forensic investigation
- Data Recovery using winhex
- Use of Free data recovery tools like Recuva

Reference Books and web references

7. Cyber Laws, [http://deity.gov.in/content/cyber-laws](http://deity.gov.in/content/cyber-laws)
8. www.cert.org


## CBCS SYLLABUS FOR S.Y. B.Sc. General Program

(Numbers on right indicate number of lectures of 1 hour duration)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year B. Sc.</th>
<th>Semester III</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Computer Science - CSC103 : Database Management Systems</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)</td>
<td>Theory : 60 Lectures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Course Objectives:

a) Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
b) Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
c) Understand the use of concurrency and transactions in database

### (Theory)

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1.</strong> Introduction to Data Base Systems: File Systems versus a DBMS, The Relational Model, Levels of abstraction in a DBMS, Data independence, Queries in DBMS, Concurrent Access and Crash Recovery, Structure of DBMS, Advantage of DBMS, People who deal with Databases.</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2.</strong> Conceptual design and Entity Relationship model: Overview of Data Base Design, The ER model-features, Key Constraints, Participation Constraints, weak Entities, Class Hierarchies, Aggregation, Entity versus attribute, Entity versus relationship, Binary versus ternary relationship, aggregation versus ternary relationships.</td>
<td>6 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3.</strong> The Relational Model: Attributes and domains, Relations, Integrity Constraints, Key Constraints, Foreign Key Constraints, General Constraints, Enforcing Integrity constraints.</td>
<td>2 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4.</strong> Logical Database design ER to relational : Entity sets to tables, Relationship sets (without constraints) to tables, translating relationship sets with key constraints, translating relationship sets with participation constraints, translating weak entity sets, translating class hierarchies, translating ER diagrams with aggregation.</td>
<td>8 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6.</strong> Relational Algebra: Relational algebra operations- select, project, join, natural join, equijoin and their implementation.</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7. SQL: The Form of Basic SQL query, Condition specification, SQL Joins, Outer joins, Union, Intersect, Except, Nested queries, Aggregate Operators, Null values.  

8. SQL: Embedded SQL, Cursors, Dynamic SQL, Triggers and active databases

9. Transaction management: The concept and properties of transaction, transaction and schedule, Notion of consistency, Serializability, Isolation levels, Lock based concurrency control, concurrency control without locking, deadlocks


(Practicals)

List of Practicals (a minimum of 15 Practicals need to be completed)

1. Gathering information, Analysing data, ER Diagram, Reduction to Tables.

2. Creation/modification of database tables using DDL statements and GUI tools of the DBMS software.

3. SQL queries

4. SQL Joins

5. Stored Procedures, Triggers

6. Views and User management, granting/revoking privileges, roles.

7. Report Generation using a reporting tool

8. Database Design: Normalisation examples

9. Use of any front-end to develop forms on desktop/web based applications.


Note:

a. A minimum of 3 example sets covering all concepts should be done for topics under Serial No 1(ERDs), 3 (SQL) and 8 (Normalisation). (each is a separate practical)
b. Practicals should be done using a DBMS software like Oracle, SQL Server, MYSQL, POSTGRES and a compatible Front-End Tool

**Text Books:**


**Reference Books:**

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Computer Science - CSC104: Computer Organization and Operating Systems</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)</td>
<td>Theory : 60 Lectures</td>
<td>Practicals : 60 Lectures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Learning Objectives:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To give knowledge about fundamentals of Computer System Architecture and different types of Operating Systems.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(Theory)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Introduction to digital electronics</td>
<td></td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic gates, Boolean algebra, combinational circuits, circuit simplification, registers, counters and memory units.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Data Representation and Basic Computer Arithmetic</td>
<td></td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number systems, complements, fixed and floating point representation, character representation, addition, subtraction, magnitude comparison.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Basic Computer Organization and Design</td>
<td></td>
<td>14 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer registers, bus system, instruction set, instruction cycle, memory reference, input-output and interrupt, Register organization, arithmetic and logical micro-operations, stack organization, Instruction formats, addressing modes, instruction codes, machine language, assembly language, RISC, CISC architectures, pipelining and parallel architecture.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Input-Output Organization</td>
<td></td>
<td>8 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Introduction to Operating Systems</td>
<td></td>
<td>5 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic OS functions, resource abstraction, types of operating systems–multiprogramming systems, batch systems, time sharing systems; operating systems for personal computers &amp; workstations, process control &amp; real time systems, network operating system, mobile operating systems.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Operating System Organization</td>
<td></td>
<td>5 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processor and user modes, kernels, system calls and system programs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Process Management</td>
<td></td>
<td>8 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System view of the process and resources, process abstraction, process hierarchy, Process Scheduling, non-pre-emptive and preemptive scheduling algorithms; concurrent processes, deadlocks.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8. Memory Management
   Physical and virtual address space, paging, segmentation, virtual memory, Cache memory.

9. File, I/O Management, Protection and Security
   Directory structure, file operations, file allocation methods, device management.
   Authentication and Authorization.

Text Books:


Reference Books:


Practicals

(At least 15 Practicals from the following)

1). Introduction to 8086 architecture and instruction set and Writing assembly language programs in 8086 using MASM or compatible assembler either in windows or Linux.

2) Find the sum of $1 + 2 + 3 + \ldots + n$

3). Display the multiplication table of a number

4) Store and retrieve numbers from memory

5). Sort the numbers stored in the memory
6). Installing Linux / Windows Operating System, Partitioning and formatting disk, Installing applications device drivers, working with files, mounting file systems, checking system space, creating, modifying and deleting user accounts

7). Study of Basic commands of Linux.

8). Study of Advance commands of Linux.

9). Shell Programming in Unix/Linux, arithmetic operations, loops, files
Ex. Write a BASH shell script prime which will accept a number b and display first n prime numbers in standard output.

10). Shell scripting using general-purpose utilities.
Ex. A) Write a menu driven shell script which will print the following menu and execute the given task to display result on standard output.

  a) Display calendar of current month
  b) Display today’s date and time
  c) Display usernames those are currently logged in the system
  d) Display your name at given x, y position
  e) Display your terminal number
  f) Exit

11). Shell programming using filters (including grep, egrep, fgrep)

12). Write a shell script to validate the entered date. (eg. Date format is : dd-mm-yyyy)

13). Write a shell script to check entered string is palindrome or not

14). WRITE A PROGRAM in C using fork() and/or exec() commands where parent and child
Execute :

  a. same program, same code.
  b. same program, different code.
  c. before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.

15). WRITE A PROGRAM in C to report behavior of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)

16). WRITE A PROGRAM in C to report behavior of Linux kernel including information on configured memory, amount of free and used memory. (memory information)

17). WRITE A PROGRAM in C to print file details including owner access permissions and file access time, the file name is given as argument.

18). WRITE A PROGRAM in C to copy files using system call
## Skill Enhancement Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year B. Sc.</th>
<th>Semester III</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Computer Science -CSS103 : Programming in Python</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Credits: Theory-03, Practicals-01)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pre-requisites</strong></td>
<td>Basic working knowledge of Computers and Internet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Course Objectives:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. To introduce programming concepts using Python.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. To introduce object oriented programming concepts.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(Theory)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Python Interpreter, Python Shell, strings, relational operators, logical operators, precedence of operators, bitwise operators, variables and assignment statements, script mode, functions, modules, command line arguments, control structures- if conditional statements, iteration for and while statements, break, continue and pass statements.</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Data types- Boolean, numbers, coercing integers to floats and vice versa, numerical operations, lists, creating a list, slicing a list, adding and removing items from a list, searching for values in a list, tuples, immutability property, converting tuples into a list, sets, set operations, dictionaries, strings, Unicode, formatting strings, docString, modules, packages, scope, recursion</td>
<td>12 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Object Oriented Concepts- Classes, Objects, Abstract Data types, polymorphism, encapsulation, modifier, accessor methods, static method, adding methods dynamically, composition, inheritance, built-in functions for classes.</td>
<td>14 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Files, Exceptions</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Applications of Python - use of Python libraries such as Matplotlib, Pandas, using databases with python, collecting information from Twitter etc. (at least three applications to be covered ).</td>
<td>11 L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Text book :**

1) Taneja Sheetal, Kumar Naveen , “Python Programming - A modular approach”, Pearson

**Reference book:**

List of Practicals:
(at least 8 practicals from the following)

1) a) Write a function that returns the sum of digits of a number, passed to it as an argument.
   b) Write a function that returns True or False depending on whether the given number of a palindrome.
   c) Take the radius of circle as input from the user, pass it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the values.
   d) Write a function that finds the sum of the n terms of the following series: 1 - \( x^2 / 2! + x^4 / 4! - x^6 / 6! + \ldots \) \( x^n / n! \)

2) Perform following actions on a list:
   - Print the even-valued elements
   - Print the odd-valued elements
   - Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
   - Print the maximum and minimum element of array.
   - Remove the duplicates from the array
   - Print the array in reverse order

3) a) Define a function which can generate and print a list where the values are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included). Then the function needs to print all values except the first 5 elements in the list.
   b) Write a program which takes 2 digits, X,Y as input and generates a 2-dimensional array. The element value in the i-th row and j-th column of the array should be i*j.

4) a) Write a program that accepts sequence of lines as input and prints the lines after making all characters in the sentence capitalized.
   b) Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of letters and digits.
   c) Given an array of integers, find two numbers such that they add up to a specific target number.
5) a) Write a function that takes a list of values as input parameter and returns another list without any duplicates.

   b) Write a program that takes a sentence as input from the user and computes the frequency of each letter. Use a variable of dictionary type to maintain the count.

6) a) Write a recursive function that multiplies two positive numbers a and b and return the result. Multiplication is to be achieved as a+a+a (b times).

   b) Write a recursive function that inserts the element x at every n th position in the given list and returns the modified list.

7) a) Given a list of strings, return the count of the number of strings where the string length is 2 or more and the first and last characters of the string are the same.

   b) Given a list of strings, return a list with the strings in sorted order, except group all the strings that begin with 'x' first. e.g.

   ['mix', 'xyz', 'apple', 'xanadu', 'aardvark'] yields ['xanadu', 'xyz', 'aardvark', 'apple', 'mix']

8) Define a class Student that keeps track of academic record of students in a school. The class should contain the following data members:

   rollnum - roll number of the student name
   name of the student
   marksList - List of marks in 5 subjects
   stream - A: Arts, C: Commerce, S: Science percentage
   percentage computed using marks
   grade - grade in each subject computed using marks
   division - division computed on the basis of overall percentage
The class should support the following methods:

a. \texttt{__init__} for initializing the data members

b. \texttt{setMarks} to take marks for five subjects as an input from the user

c. \texttt{getStream} for accessing the stream of the student.

d. \texttt{Percentage} for computing the overall percentage of for the student.

e. \texttt{gradeGen} that generates grades for each student in each course on the basis of marks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marks</th>
<th>Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&gt;=90</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;90 and &gt;=80</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;80 and &gt;=65</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;65 and &gt;=40</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;40</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

f. \texttt{division} for computing division on the basis of the following criteria based on overall percentage of marks scored:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Division</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&gt;=60</td>
<td>I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;60 and &gt;=50</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;50 and &gt;=35</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

g. \texttt{__str__} that displays student information.
9) Define a base class Vehicle, having attributes registration number, make, model and color. Also, define classes PassengerVehicle and CommercialVehicle that derive the class Vehicle. The PassengerVehicle class should have additional attribute for maximum passenger capacity. The CommercialVehicle class should have an additional attribute for maximum load capacity. Define init method for all these classes. Also, get and set methods to retrieve and set the value of the data attributes.

10) Define classes Car, Autorickshaw and Bus which derive from the PassengerVehicle class mentioned in the previous question. The Car and Bus should have attributes for storing information about the number of doors, not shared by Autorickshaw. The Bus should have Boolean attribute doubleDecker not shared by Car and Autorickshaw. Define init method for all these classes. Also define get and set methods to determine and set the value of the day attributes.

11) Develop a program to sort the employee data on the basis of pay of the employees using i) selection sort ii) bubble sort. iii) insertion sort. Consider a list L containing objects of class Employee having empNum, name and salary.

12) Write a function that takes two file names, file1 and file2 as input. The function should read the contents of the file file1 line by line and should write them to another file file2 after adding a newline at the end of each line.

13) Write a function that reads a file file1 and displays the number of words and the number of vowels in the file.

14) Write a function that reads the contents of the file Peom.txt and counts the number of alphabets, blank spaces, lowercase letters and uppercase letters, the number of words starting with a vowel and the number of occurrences of word “beautiful” in the file.

15) Write a function that takes two files of equal size as an input from the user. The first file contains weights of items and the second file contains corresponding prices. Create another file that should contain price per unit weight for each item.

Note: Testing and Debugging tools to be used during the practical sessions.
### Computer Science - CSS104: Web Application Development using Flask

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Credits: Theory-03, Practicals-01</th>
<th>Theory: 45 Lectures</th>
<th>Practicals: 30 Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Pre-requisites:**
1. Should be able to write code in Python
2. Knowledge of object oriented concepts and databases

**Course Objectives:**
1. To learn how to create a basic web page using HTML and CSS.
2. To perform basic database operations using Python Flask Framework

#### (Theory)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Introduction to world wide web, how the web works, Introduction to HTML5, anatomy of an HTML element, nesting elements, block versus inline elements, empty elements, attributes, Boolean attributes, anatomy of a HTML document, entity references, HTML comments, head, title, body, metadata, headings, paragraphs, lists, emphasis and importance, hyperlinks, anatomy of a link, block level links, URLs, absolute versus relative URLs, email links, description lists, quotations, abbreviations, superscript, subscript, date and time, image.</td>
<td>3 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Document and Website Structure, Structuring Content - semantic tags -header, navigation bar, main content, sidebar, footer, non-semantic wrappers- div and span, line breaks and horizontal rules, html table basics, span rows and columns, HTML table and advanced features and accessibility, designing form, fieldset, legend widgets, sending form data, form data validation, iframe.</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Introduction to CSS, how browsers affect CSS, internal and external style sheet, CSS syntax, selectors - simple selectors, attribute selectors, combinator, multiple selectors, pseudo-classes, pseudo-elements, cascade and inheritance, box model, fundamental text and font styling, values, units, colors, media queries, layout- static, liquid, adaptive and responsive, floats, positioning, flex box, grids.</td>
<td>14 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. DOM, Introduction to JavaScript, statements, syntax, variables, functions, Event handlers, Introduction to Bootstrap Framework.</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Dynamic Pages v/s Static Pages, HTTP Request/Response Model, HTTP methods get and post, Installing Flask, Basic Flask Application: <em>init</em>.py package, Using python decorators to modify the function that follows it, Routing: route() decorator, creating URL routes, passing variables, URL Binding: url_for() function, Flask-HTTP methods.</td>
<td>4 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Jinja2 Templating Engine: Separating code and User interface, render template() function, Conditional Statements, Loops, Template Inheritance.</td>
<td>2 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Flask Extensions, Installing flask-wtf extension, Flask WTF: Disadvantages of HTML Forms; flexible wtf forms, rendering and validation library; Standard Form Fields in WTF: TextField, BooleanField, IntegerField, RadioField, SelectField, TextareaField, PasswordField, SubmitField; Validator class: Length, NumberRange, URL; a Form example: Form class, Templates (HTML), Views, Receiving form data, Field Validations, Generating Links.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>SQLAlchemy a ORM for many relational databases, installing flask extension for SQL Alchemy, Flask-SQLAlchemy configuration for SQLite/PostgreSQL/MYSQL database, Database Models, Creation of a Migration Repository, Database Migration, Database Upgrade and Downgrade, Database Relationships, Basic database operations using SQLAlchemy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Text Books:**


2. Alex Libby, Gaurav Gupta, Asoj Talesra, “Responsive Web Design with HTML5 and CSS3 Essentials”, PACKT Publishing


**Reference Books:**

1. Elisabeth Robson, Eric Freeman, Head First HTML with CSS & XHTML A Learner’s Companion to HTML, CSS and XHTML, O’Reilly Media


**List of Practicals**
(at least 8 Practicals from the following)

1. a). Create web pages using text, paragraphs, header tags, links, lists tags
    b). Create web pages using table tags, column and row span
    c). Creating tables using scope, id and header attributes

2. a). Design a form using widgets
    b). Form validations

3. a). Use of different CSS selectors, pseudo-classes and pseudo-elements
    b). Design a landing page layout
    c). Use of CSS font style

4. Form validation using JavaScript

5. Use of Bootstrap

6. Installing Python3, Creating virtual environment, Installing Flask, Flask extensions
   flask-wtf, flask-bootstrap, flask-sqlalchemy, flask-migrate, flask-login

7. Using Jinja2, template directory, render_template to display content from a
   Python Dictionary. Use Jinja2 conditional statements, loops, template inheritance

8. Create a Login Form using flask-wtf and flask-bootstrap

9. Create a User Registration Form using flask-wtf and flask-bootstrap

10. Develop a database application using Python Flask Framework
T.Y.B.Sc. B.Sc Computer Science

Core Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Semester</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSC105</td>
<td>Computer Networks</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Marks</th>
<th>Practical Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
<th>Theory Credits</th>
<th>Practical Credits</th>
<th>Total Credits</th>
<th>Theory Lectures</th>
<th>Practical Lectures</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>04</td>
<td>02</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course prerequisites: CSC101 Introduction to Programming using C

Course objectives:
- To provide a strong background of Network Concepts.
- To be familiar with the components required to build and design different types of networks.
- To explain the various protocols associated with the network layers

Learning Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:
- Describe the network models and networks based on type and topology.
- Categorize and use transmission media based on their characteristics and applications.
- Detect and correct errors using various techniques.
- Explain different protocols for data transmission at the DLL.
- Be able to setup networks and also implement subnetting.
- Be able to apply different transport and application layer protocols.

Course content:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Data Communication</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Introduction:</td>
<td>10L</td>
<td>Beginnings of Networking and data communication, ARPA.net</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Networks:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Components and Categories, Types of Connections, Topologies, Transmission Modes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Switching:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Circuit switching, Message switching, Packet switching,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>D</td>
<td>Protocols and Standards:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Layered Architecture, OSI model, TCP/IP model;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>E</td>
<td>Applications of Networks</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Physical Layer</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Functions of Physical layer</td>
<td>8L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Data Encoding:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manchester, Differential Manchester</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### III Data Link Layer

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Functions of Data link layer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| B | **Data Framing techniques:**  
Character Count, Character Stuffing, Bit Stuffing |
| C | **Error detection and correction:**  
Parity, CRC, Hamming code |
| D | **Elementary Data Link Protocols:**  
Stop and wait, Sliding window protocols - Go back-N: ARQ, Selective repeat ARQ |
| E | **MAC Sublayer:**  
**Random Access Protocols:**  
ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA, Collision free protocols |
| F | **Network Standards:**  
IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet) frame format, Categories of standard ethernet – 10BaseT, 10BaseF, Bridged ethernet, separating collision domains, Switched ethernet, Fast ethernet  
IEEE 802.11 Architecture, frame structure |
| G | **Data Link layer devices:**  
Bridges, Switches |
### Network Layer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>IV</strong></td>
<td><strong>Network Layer</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Functions of Network layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Network Service types: Virtual Circuits, Datagrams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Routing Algorithms: Shortest path routing, Flooding, Distance Vector routing, Link State routing; Hierarchical Routing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Congestion Control: Algorithms &amp; Congestion Prevention Policies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Internet Protocols: IP Frame Format, IP Addressing, Subnets, Internet Control Protocols: ICMP, ARP, RARP, DHCP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Internetworking, Network layer device: Routers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Transport Layer and Application Layer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>V</strong></td>
<td><strong>Transport Layer and Application Layer</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Functions of Transport layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Transport Services: Connectionless, Connection-oriented, Transport service primitives Berkley sockets, Gateways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Transport layer Protocols: User Datagram Protocol, Transmission Control Protocol; Quality of Service parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Functions of Applications layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Electronic Mail; Domain Name System</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Text Book:

Behrouz A. Forouzan; Data Communications and Networking , McGraw Hill Education; Fifth Edition

References:

Andrew S. Tanenbaum; Computer Networks, Pearson Education India; 5th Edition

Suggested List of Practical:

1. Create scenario and study the performance of network with star topology through NS-2 simulation.
2. Implementation of framing using Bit stuffing and Character stuffing
5. Configuring TCP/IP on a desktop.
7. Simulate a Mobile Adhoc network (MANET) using NS2
8. Using Network protocol analyzer tool like ethereal (wireshark) or tcpdump to analyze network traffic
9. IP address manipulation (Extract network id and Host id given netmask)
10. Simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS2
11. Implementation of IP fragmentation and reassembly.
12. Simple TCP client and server application (Single server-single client) – String manipulation and arithmetic operations.
13. Simple UDP client and server application (Single server-single client) – String manipulation and arithmetic operations.

Note:

Languages/Tools: C/C++, NS-2, Wireshark/TCPDump should be used for practicals.
# Course Code : CSC106  
# Course Title : Object Oriented Programming  
# Semester : V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Marks : 100</th>
<th>Theory Credits : 04</th>
<th>Theory Lectures : 60</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practical Marks : 50</td>
<td>Practical Credits : 02</td>
<td>Practical Lectures : 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Marks : 150</td>
<td>Total Credits : 06</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course Pre-requisite : CSC101 Introduction to programming using C

## Course objectives:

- To present the object oriented method, in viewpoint of software engineering — of the methods, tools and techniques for developing quality software in production environments.
- To study how practicing software developers, in industrial as well as academic environments, can use object technology to improve the quality of the software they produce
- Introduce Java Programming Environment and Design Patterns

## Learning Outcomes : Upon completion of the course students should be able to:

- Use the characteristics of an object-oriented programming language in a program.
- Use the basic object-oriented design principles in computer problem solving.
- Use the basic principles of software engineering in managing complex software project
- Write Java programs using classes and object
- Implement Design Patterns in Java Programs

## Course content:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| I        | CRITERIA OF OBJECT ORIENTATION             | • On the criteria  
|          |                                            | • Method and language                        | 4 |          |
|          |                                            | • Implementation and environment             |    |          |
|          |                                            | • Libraries                                  |    |          |
| II       | TOWARDS OBJECT TECHNOLOGY                  | • The ingredients of computation             | 5 |          |
|          |                                            | • Functional decomposition                   |    |          |
|          |                                            | • Object-based decomposition                 |    |          |
|          |                                            | • Object-oriented software construction      |    |          |
|          |                                            | • Issues                                    |    |          |
| III | THE STATIC STRUCTURE: CLASSES | Objects are not the subject  
Avoiding the standard confusion  
The role of classes  
A uniform type system  
A simple class  
Basic conventions  
The object-oriented style of computation  
Putting everything together |
| IV | THE RUN-TIME STRUCTURE: OBJECTS | Objects  
Objects as a modelling tool  
Manipulating objects and references  
Creation procedures  
More on references  
Operations on references  
Attachment: reference and value semantics  
Dealing with references: benefits and dangers |
| V | MEMORY MANAGEMENT | What happens to objects?  
The casual approach  
Reclaiming memory: the issues  
Programmer-controlled deallocation  
The component-level approach  
Automatic memory management  
Reference counting  
Garbage collection  
Practical issues of garbage collection |
| VI | INTRODUCTION TO INHERITANCE | What is inheritance?  
Overriding and Polymorphism  
Typing for inheritance  
Dynamic binding  
Deferred features and classes  
The meaning of inheritance  
The role of deferred classes |
| VII | MULTIPLE INHERITANCE | Examples of multiple inheritance  
Feature renaming  
Flattening the structure  
Repeated inheritance |
| VIII   | EXCEPTION HANDLING | • Basic concepts of exception handling  
• Handling exceptions  
• An exception mechanism  
• Exception handling in Java | 3 |
| IX     | GENERICITY         | • Horizontal and vertical type generalization  
• The need for type parameterization  
• Generic classes  
• Arrays  
• Generics and collection framework in Java | 9 |
| X      | DESIGN PATTERNS : INTRODUCTION | • What is a Design Pattern?  
• Describing Design Patterns.  
• How Design Patterns solve Design Problems  
• How to select a Design Pattern  
• How to Use a Design Pattern | 2 |
| XI     | CREATIONAL PATTERNS | • Factory Method  
• Prototype  
• Singleton | 2 |
| XII    | STRUCTURAL PATTERNS | • Adaptor  
• Composite  
• Decorator  
• Façade  
• Proxy | 4 |
| XIII   | BEHAVIORAL PATTERNS | • Chain of Responsibility  
• Command  
• Iterator  
• Observer  
• State  
• Strategy | 4 |
Text Books:

1. Bertrand Meyer, Object Oriented Software Construction, Prentice Hall; Second edition
2. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson

Reference Books

2. Kathy Sierra, Elisabeth Freeman, Head First Design Patterns - A Brain-Friendly Guide, O’Reilly

Suggested list of practical:

Programs covering the following topics may be done:

1. Use of command line environment and run-time environment in Java (javac and java)
2. Creating classes
3. Constructors and overloading
4. Object composition using references
5. Use of standard libraries like Math, String, util.*
6. Inheritance
7. Overriding, polymorphism and dynamic binding
8. Abstract class, interfaces and multiple interface inheritance
9. Use of static keyword
10. Exception handling
11. Arrays
12. Collection framework – ArrayList, Maps
13. Minimum one exercise on each design pattern

Tools like Notepad, Eclipse may be used to do the practical.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code : CSC107</th>
<th>Course Title : Software Engineering</th>
<th>Semester : V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Theory Marks : 100</td>
<td>Theory Credits : 04</td>
<td>Theory Lectures : 60</td>
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<td>Practical Marks : 50</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Marks : 150</td>
<td>Total Credits : 06</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course prerequisites : -

Course objectives: To study various methods used for software development with a stress on Agile Software Development

Learning Outcomes : Upon completion of the course students should be able to:

- Explain Evolution and fundamentals of software engineering methods
- Apply Agile software development method – Scrum
- Apply refactoring techniques
- Perform software testing using various quality assurance methods
- Explain Source Control Tools

Course content:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Introduction to Software Engineering</td>
<td>Introduction to Software Engineering, Software Development phases(Requirements, Analysis, design and implementation, testing and maintenance), SDLC, Waterfall methodology, Prototyping and Iterative, Reverse engineering, reengineering</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Introduction to Source Control tools</td>
<td>Introduction to Source Control tools - versioning, check-in/checkout, commit, branching, merging, synchronization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Software Project Management using Scrum</td>
<td>Software Project Management using scrum : User stories, Estimation using story points, sprint, backlog(product and sprint), Scrum team, scrum artifacts, scrum ceremonies</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Design and Implementation using XP</td>
<td>Design and implementation using XP: TDD, refactoring (code smells and refactoring techniques), Unit testing, Pair Programming</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>Quality Assurance</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quality assurance (Verification &amp; Validation): Testing approaches, Types of testing, testing tools- JUnit, Selenium, Build tools, Iteration and Release planning, Introduction to Continuous Integration</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Text Books:**
2. Chris Sims and Hillary Louise Johnson, Elements of Scrum, Dymaxicon, LLC
3. Martin Fowler, Refactoring, Addison Wesley; 2nd edition

**Reference Books:**
1. Ken Schwaber, Mike Beedle, Agile Software Development with Scrum, Pearson Education

**Suggested List of Practical:**
1. Git
2. User stories, Estimation
3. Burndown charts, Scrum board, Trello,
4. JUnit, Selenium
5. Refactoring exercises(pair programming)
6. Debugging and defect tracking using Bugzilla
7. Maven Build
8. Javadoc

The above practical should be done using a mini project using scrum and by performing refactoring exercises using pair programming. The tools Eclipse, Git, Selenium, Bugzilla, Trello are suggested.
**Course Code:** CSC108  
**Course Title:** Mobile Application Development  
**Semester:** VI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Marks</th>
<th>Practical Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>100</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Marks</th>
<th>Practical Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Credits</th>
<th>Practical Credits</th>
<th>Total Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>02</td>
<td>06</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Lectures</th>
<th>Practical Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Course prerequisites:**

1). CSC106 Object Oriented Programming  
2). CSC103 Database Management Systems

**Course objective:** Introduce mobile application development for the Android platform using XML and Java/Kotlin. Include developing simple applications that could run on Android phones and tablets. Cover Android application terminologies, components and coding.

**Learning Outcomes:** Upon completion of the course students should be able to:

- Describe the anatomy of a mobile app.  
- Use Android components in designing simple mobile applications.  
- Identify the significance of each of the Android basic building blocks and determine when to use which component.  
- Discuss the data storage options available on android platform and perform basic CRUD operations on persistent data.  
- Design complete Android app by integrating the android building blocks and using firebase as backend tool.

**Course content:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| I A  | Introduction:  
Need for Mobile Apps.  
Different types of Mobile Apps.  
Android vs. Other mobile platforms  
Open Handset Alliance (OHA)  
Features of Android  
Android Limitations  
Screen independent design - Resolution and density independence (px, dip, dp, sip, sp) | 03 |  
| I B  | Mobile Navigation:  
Basic patterns, Pros and Cons  
Screen independent design - Resolution and density independence (px, dip, dp, sip, sp) | 02 |  
| I C  | Android Pre-requisites:  
Java/Kotlin Programming fundamentals  
Introduction to XML  
Introduction to Build System (Gradle) | 05 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Activities and UI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Introduction: Activities, Views, layouts (LinearLayout and RelativeLayout and WebView) Responsive UI with ConstraintLayout Significance of application manifest file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Creating User Interface (UI): Common UI components (TextView, EditText, Button, CheckBox, RadioButton, ToggleButton, Spinner, Pickers) Activity lifecycle Understanding the exception handler</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Event Handling: onClick(), onLongClick(), onFocusChange(), OnKey(), onTouch(), onCreateContextMenu(), onCreateOptionsMenu()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Intents: Intents uses, intent types (Implicit &amp; Explicit), Passing data (Direct, Bundle &amp; Parcelable) Implicit Intents – Intent Filters and Intent Resolution Process, Pending intents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Advanced UI: Building Layouts with an Adapter (GridView &amp; ListView), Custom Adapters, Menus (Options menu &amp; Context menu), Toast, Custom Toast, Dialogs, Status bar Notifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Broadcast Receivers and Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td><strong>Broadcast Receivers (BR):</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Broadcast receiver registration (Static &amp; Dynamic), Broadcast Receiver Classes, Sticky &amp; non-sticky BR, BR Security ,Understanding Broadcast action, category and data, Sending &amp; Receiving Broadcast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><strong>Services:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Overview of services in Android, Implementing a Service, Service lifecycle, Inter Process Communication (AIDL Services).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td><strong>Web Services and WebView:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consuming web services, Receiving HTTP Response (XML, JSON ), Parsing JSON and XML, Using WebView</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IV</th>
<th>Multithreading</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td><strong>Multithreading:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Background processing in android</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><strong>Threads running on UI thread:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Handlers &amp; Runnable, AsyncTask</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>V</th>
<th>Data Storage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td><strong>Introduction to data storage:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Shared Preferences:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Introduction, Preferences types, operating modes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Android File System:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Internal storage, External storage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><strong>SQLite:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Basics of SQLite Database, Data Types, SQLite Connections, SQLiteOpenHelper class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td><strong>SQLite Queries:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Working with cursors, Inserting, updating, and deleting contents of SQLite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td><strong>Firebase:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Introduction, Firebase services (Authentication, Cloud messaging, Database query)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Reference Books:


# Web References

5. [https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2017/05/basic-patterns-mobile-navigation/](https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2017/05/basic-patterns-mobile-navigation/)

# Suggested List of Practical:

1). Setup Android Studio Environment

- Install or update Android Studio to its latest version.
- Ensure that your Android app:
  - Targets API level 16 (Jelly Bean) or later
  - Uses Gradle 4.1 or later
- Create Android Studio Environment,
- Explore Android Studio IDE
- Set up a device or emulator for running your app (Android studio’s Emulator, Genymotion, Koplayer, Memu)
- Sign into Firebase using your Google account.
- Connect your Android app to Firebase

Testing and Debugging Android Application (Use of Dalvik Debug Monitor Server (DDMS), Use of Step Filters, Breakpoints, Suspend and Resume, use of LogCat (Verbose, Debug, Info, Warn, Error, Assert), Use of Perspectives

2). Create Simple Calculator Application

Layout design with constraint layout, Implement app, Debug and find errors, Installation of .apk into your android mobile

3). Create Tic tac toe Game

Layout design with TableLayout, Add colors, Buttons call event, Find winner, Play with device.

Create Zoo app

- ListView layout design, Load listview with Data, Load different views in ListView, ListView events, Add or Remove item to listview

5). Create Restaurant App

Design GridView Layout, Load gridView with list of foods, Show Food details

6). Web services - Find City sunrise time app
HTTP calls, JSON and XML, UI layout design, HTTP calls and JSON read

7). Sqlite database - My notes
   Design Add notes layout, Use Menu bar and Intent, Styles, Add notes to Sqlite database, List notes from Sqlite database, Delete notes from Sqlite database, Update notes in Sqlite database

8). Complete Alarm App
   - Layout design, Broadcast Receiver and Service concept, Broadcast Receiver and Set alarm time
   - SharedPreferences and start app with OS

9). Use Firebase Realtime Database, to build a mobile system
   - User login with phone number, Menus for contact and main activity, Dummy contact list data, Pick contacts from phone. Save my trackers in Shared preferences, Firebase signIn anonymously, Save user info into Firebase, Save my trackers in Realtime- database, People who I find using dummy data, People who I find using Firebase data, Load user's contacts, Send phone location to the server, Find missing phone location
   - Services Vs Broadcast receiver
   - Service, Run App in background

Note:

Languages/Tools: Java/Kotlin, XML, Android Studio, AVD (Android studio’s Emulator, Genymotion, Koplayer, Memu), Firebase may be used for practical.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code :</th>
<th>CSC109</th>
<th>Course Title :</th>
<th>Full Stack Web Development</th>
<th>Semester :</th>
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<td>Practical Marks :</td>
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<td>02</td>
<td>Practical Lectures :</td>
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<td>Total Credits :</td>
<td>06</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course prerequisites : - Working knowledge of HTML, CSS, JavaScript

Course objective:
- To know the core concepts of Node js and React for server side and client side coding.
- To gain insight and understand the working of MVC architecture with MERN.
- To introduce the no-sql database - MongoDB.

Learning Outcomes : Upon completion of the course students should be able to:
- Explain the significance of each of the MERN components.
- Develop a CRUD application using MongoDB.
- Develop applications using NODEjs, React to understand the different aspects of these technologies.
- Design and implement a full-fledged application using all the components of the MERN Stack.

Course content:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>JavaScript</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>JavaScript basics: Introduction, Syntax and Statements, Comments, Operators, Variables, Z `Assignment, Loops, If and Switch conditions, break &amp; Continue, Data Types: Number &amp; Number Methods, Strings and String Methods, Functions, Callbacks, Arrays, Array Methods, Looping through an array (Array Iteration)</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>JavaScript advanced features Let and Const, Let inside loops, String Templates For of Loops, map, reduce, filter, Arrow Functions Class, Class properties and methods, object, this operator, spread function, Class Constructor, Class Inheritance, Modules import and export, Form validation using validation API</td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>AJAX Ajax - request object creation, forwarding the request, accepting response object and display on webpage, JSON syntax, XMLHttpRequest Object</td>
<td>02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><strong>Node JS Modules</strong>&lt;br&gt;Functions, Buffer, Module, Module Types: Core Modules, Local Modules, Module.Exports</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td><strong>Node Package Manager</strong>&lt;br&gt;NPM, Installing packages Locally, Adding dependency in package.json, Installing packages globally, Updating packages.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td><strong>Web Server</strong>&lt;br&gt;Creating Web Server, Handling HTTP Requests, Sending Requests.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td><strong>File System</strong>&lt;br&gt;Fs.readFile, Writing a File, Writing a file asynchronously, Opening a file, Deleting, Other IO Operations.</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td><strong>Events</strong>&lt;br&gt;EventEmitter Class, Returning event emitter, Inheriting events</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| III | React | A | **React elements and JSX**<br>What is react? advantages and disadvantages Overview of JSX, creating elements with JSX, JSX components, properties in JSX, condition statements in JSX, Rendering an Element into the DOM, Naming Conventions |
| B | **Components & Component Life Cycle**<br>Overview of Components, Props, State, component composability, Life Cycle Methods, Reusable Components |
| C | **Forms**<br>Submitting the form data to server using react component and updating state, Validating Props, Call back events. |

| IV | Express Js | A | **Introduction**<br>Introduction to Express, MVC pattern, initial node server setup, adding data to the server (ready data from mockaroo) |
| B | **Routing**<br>create a basic route, add a static route for file server, routing with express: routing parameters, routing handler, routing common methods, routing chaining,
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>C</th>
<th>HTTP Interaction: Handling Form Data, Handling Query Parameters, Cookies and Sessions</th>
<th>03</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>RESTful Services Creating and Consuming RESTful Services, Using Templates</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>MongoDB Introduction to MongoDB, Document-oriented database, key features, databases and collections, CRUD operations, Text search operations</td>
<td>04</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reference Books:**

1. Basarat Ali Syed, Beginning Nodejs, Appress
2. Vasan Subramanian, Pro MERN Stack Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node, Appress, 1st Edition
3. Eddy Wison, Iriarte Koroliova, MERN Quick Start Guide: Build web applications with MongoDB, Express.js, React, and Node, Packt

**Web References**

1. [https://docs.mongodb.com](https://docs.mongodb.com)
2. [https://medium.com/poka-techblog/](https://medium.com/poka-techblog/)
3. [https://javascript.info/](https://javascript.info/)
4. [https://reactjs.org/](https://reactjs.org/)
Suggested List of Practical:

1. JavaScript
   a) Demonstration of const, let, string templates, callbacks, arrow functions, class, class-properties, methods.
   b) Handling asynchronous request using AJAX and JSON with a simple server script that just returns JSON data.

2. Nodejs - Installation and Nodejs Core
   a) Installing Nodejs
   b) Use of global object
   c) Argument variables with processargv
   d) Standard input and standard output

3. Nodejs Modules
   a) Core Modules
   b) Collecting information with Readline
   c) Handling events with EventEmitter
   d) Exporting custom modules
   e) Creating child process with exec/spawn

4. The File system
   a) Listing directory files
   b) Reading files
   c) writing and appending files
   d) Directory creation
   e) Readble file streams
   f) Writable file streams

5. The Http Module
   a) Making a request
   b) Building a web server
   c) serving files
   d) serving JSON data
   e) Collecting POST data

6. The Node Package manager
   a) Installing node NPM
   b) Initializing a package-json file
   c) Adding node packages
   d) Managing global directory
   e) Updating a package
   f) Removing a package
   g) File servers with httpster

7. Introduction to React Elements
   a) Installing create-react-app
   b) Generate a project
   c) Create react elements
   d) Refactor elements using JSX
8. React components
   a) Create a react component
   b) Add component properties
   c) Creating a component (ex Book) with data
   d) Adding custom methods
   e) creating function components.

9. Props and states
   a) Compose components
   b) Display child components
   c) Introducing state
   d) Using setState
   e) pass state as props
   f) Conditional rendering

10. Additional react features
    a) Component life cycle
    b) Fetching and rendering JSON data
    c) Using forms with react.

11. Mongodb
    a) installation
    b) collection and basic operations (find, create, update, delete, drop)
    c) Reading and writing to Mongodb database using APIs

12. Developing a simple CRUD application using the MERN stack.

Note:
The Tools visual Studio code/sublime may be used for practical
Course Code : CSC110  
Course Title : Internet of Things  
Semester : VI

Theory Marks : 100  
Practical Marks : 50  
Total Marks : 150  

Theory Credits : 04  
Practical Credits : 02  
Total Credits : 06

Theory Lectures : 60  
Practical Lectures : 60

Course prerequisites : Basic programming knowledge

Course objective :
- To Introduce concepts for internet of things and the different devices involved in IOT.
- To introduce cloud concepts and its use in IOT
- Gain hands on experience of working with different sensors/actuators and their use in IOT projects.
- To gain knowledge of Arduino, NodeMcu, Raspberry pi Boards and to develop IOT projects by integrating these boards with a cloud platform.

Learning Outcomes : Upon completion of the course students should be able to :
- Explain the requirements and components of an IOT system.
- Develop different IOT projects using cloud technology
- Develop IOT Projects using the Arduino, NodeMcu, Raspberry pi Boards and a cloud platform such as Nodered or similar.

Course content:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| I    | IOT Concepts | A | Introduction  
Definition, modern day IoT applications, Baseline technologies-M2M, WoT, IOT categories- industrial and consumer, IOT components | 03 |
| B    | Sensors and Actuators  
sensors, transducers, sensor features, resolution, analog sensors, digital sensors, scalar sensors, vector sensors, sensor types. Actuators-types-hydraulic, pneumatic, electrical, thermal/mechanical, motors-DC, Servo, Stepper, relays, motor drivers for interfacing | 06 |
| C    | IOT Networks  
IoTWF Standardized Architecture, Connectivity Protocols- MQTT, SMQTT; communication protocols- IEEE 802.15.4, 802.11, LORA wireless protocol, ZigBee | 06 |
| II | IOT Boards | A | Arduino  
Introduction to Arduino Programming-features of arduino, Arduino IDE, sketch, sketch structure, supported data types, Arduino function libraries, operators, control statements, arrays, String functions, Interrupts, sensor interface with Arduino, DHT sensor library, types of motor actuators, Arduino servo library |
| B | Raspberry Pi and comparative study  
Introduction to Raspberry Pi – specifications, GPIOs, Features of EsP8266, comparative studies of Arduino uno, raspberry pi, nodemcu boards and their applications |
| III | Cloud Technology | A | Introduction to cloud computing definition, characteristics, components, service models-IaaS, PaaS, SaaS, Deployment models-public, private, hybrid, open source and commercial clouds-examples, facilities offered |
| B | Cloud computing case studies  
Microsoft Azure-features, Azure as PaaS, Azure as IaaS; OPenStack-components and features, Firebase cloud service features |
| C | Visual tool for wiring IOT  
NodeRed, its features, installing on Raspberry pi |
| D | Wireless sensor networks  
definition, limitations; Sensor cloud-definition, difference with WSN, Actors in sensor cloud, architecture |
| E | Fog computing  
Introduction, why use fog computing, when to use fog computing, architecture of fog, fog nodes, working of fog, applications of fog |
2. Adrian Mcewen , Designing The Internet of Things, Wiley  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suggested List of Practical</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Blink an LED. Traffic lights using Arduino board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Arduino weather station with temperature, humidity, pressure date and time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Setting up Raspberry pi and blinking LED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Capturing an image using Raspberry Pi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. DHT22 interfaced with Raspberry Pi to record the temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Setting up server on Raspberry Pi and sending the recorded temperature to the server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Installing NOdeRed, creating and testing a simple flow in NodeRed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Controlling an LED with NodeRed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Use of Digital Smoke and gas sensor to detect gas/smoke with ESP8266, MQTT and NodeRed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Controlling lamps and outlets using Arduino and MQTT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Tools like Arduino IDE, python editor may be used
Discipline Specific Electives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code : CSD101</th>
<th>Course Title : Human Computer Interaction</th>
<th>Semester : V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Theory Marks : 75</td>
<td>Theory Credits : 03</td>
<td>Theory Lectures : 45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practical Marks : 25</td>
<td>Practical Credits : 01</td>
<td>Practical Lectures : 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Marks : 100</td>
<td>Total Credits : 04</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Course objectives:
- To introduce the foundations of Human Computer Interaction, design technologies and user interface design and development.
- Learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction
- Be familiar with the design technologies for individuals and persons with disabilities
- Learn the guidelines for user interface design and development
- Be aware of mobile HCI

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course students should be able to:
- Develop meaningful user interface
- Assess the importance of user feedback
- Design effective HCI for individuals and persons with disabilities
- Develop persona, conduct interview
- Develop storyboard and design prototype
- Design GUI, Web UI and Reports.
- Perform Heuristic Evaluation of the design

Course content:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>FOUNDATIONS OF HCI</td>
<td>The Human: I/O channels, Memory, Reasoning and problem solving; The computer: Devices, Memory, processing and networks; Interaction: Models, frameworks, Ergonomics, styles, elements, interactivity, Paradigms</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>DESIGN – RULES AND TECHNIQUES</td>
<td>Interactive Design basics: process, scenarios, navigation, screen design, Iteration and prototyping, Usability engineering, Prototyping in practice, design rationale. Design rules: principles, standards, guidelines, rules, Evaluation Techniques, Universal Design.</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>MODELS AND THEORIES</td>
<td>Cognitive models, Socio-Organizational issues and stake holder requirements; Communication and collaboration models-Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>MOBILE HCI</td>
<td>Mobile Ecosystem: Platforms, Application frameworks, Types of Mobile Applications: Widgets, Applications, Games; Mobile Information Architecture, Mobile 2.0, Mobile Design: Elements of Mobile Design, Tools.</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>WEB INTERFACE DESIGN</td>
<td>Designing Web Interfaces: Drag &amp; Drop, Direct Selection, Contextual Tools, Overlays, Inlays and Virtual Pages, Process Flow</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>CONTEMPORARY INTERFACE DESIGN TECHNOLOGY</td>
<td>Future Domains, IHCI and Case Studies</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reference Books:**

2. Brian Fling; Mobile Design and Development, OReilly Media Inc., 2009 (UNIT – IV)
3. Bill Scott and Theresa Neil; Designing Web Interfaces; OReilly, 2009 (UNIT V), First Edition

**Suggested list of practical:**

1. Paper Prototyping using templates
2. Story boarding
3. Conducting survey interview and summarizing the result
4. Persona- conducting contextual interview and developing persona
5. GUI design- form design, menu design, help, error messages
6. Web UI design- pages, navigation, controls, (Ajax)
7. Report designs
8. Heuristic evaluation
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Course Code : CSD104</th>
<th>Course Title : Embedded Systems</th>
<th>Theory Marks : 75</th>
<th>Theory Credits : 03</th>
<th>Theory Lectures : 45</th>
<th>Practical Marks : 25</th>
<th>Practical Credits : 01</th>
<th>Practical Lectures : 30</th>
<th>Total Marks : 100</th>
<th>Total Credits : 04</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Course prerequisites:**

**Course objectives:**
- Conceptualize the basics of Embedded systems
- Understand fundamentals of Real Time Operating Systems

**Learning Outcomes:**
- Explain the function and use of embedded system hardware and Interfacing I/O devices.
- Identify various sensors, actuators and their use

**Course content:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
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<th>Content</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>Introduction to embedded systems, Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Components of Embedded system &amp; its classification, characteristics of embedded system.</td>
<td>5L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Interrupts</td>
<td>Microprocessor Architecture, Interrupt Basics, shared Data problem, Interrupt latency</td>
<td>8L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Survey of Software Architecture</td>
<td>Round Robin, Round Robin with interrupt, Function-Queue-Scheduling Architecture, Real time OS Architecture</td>
<td>8L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Introduction to RTOS System</td>
<td>Task and Task states, Task and Data, Semaphores and shared Data</td>
<td>6L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>More OS services</td>
<td>Message Queues, Mailboxes and pipes, Timer functions, Events, Memory Management, Interrupt routines in RTOS Environment</td>
<td>8L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>Embedded software Development Tools</td>
<td>Host and Target machines, Linkers/Locators for Embedded Systems, Getting Embedded software into the Target system</td>
<td>10L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Text Book:**

**References**
1. Tony Givargis Frank Vahid ; Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware / Software Introduction, Wiley; Student edition

**Suggested list of practical:**
1. Interfacing sensors
2. Interfacing output devices
3. Interfacing input devices
4. Interfacing actuators
5. Programming with Raspberry Pi
6. Blink an LED, Traffic lights using Arduino Board
7. Monitoring Data over Cloud
8. Building Web app to control devices
9. A mini Project

**Note:**
Programs to be executed on some of the Embedded boards like Arduino, Intel Edison, Raspberry Pi, Bolt, etc that covers the above tasks.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code : CSD107</th>
<th>Course Title : Introduction to Data Analytics</th>
<th>Semester : VI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Theory Marks : 75</td>
<td>Theory Credits : 03</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Course prerequisites:** Students are expected to have basic knowledge of algorithms and reasonable programming experience and some familiarity with basic linear algebra and basic probability and statistics.

**Course objectives:** Become familiar with methods of Data Science and their practical usefulness.

**Learning Outcomes:** Upon completion of the course students should be able to:

- Describe what Data Science is and the skill needed to be a data analyst.
- Explain in basic terms what statistical inference means. Identify probability distributions commonly used as foundations for statistical modeling. Fit a model to data.
- Use Python to carry out basic statistical modeling and analysis.

**Course content:**

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<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Science</td>
<td>Data Science, Big Data, significance of data science, Datafication, Current landscape of perspectives, Skill sets needed, The Data Science Process</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Statistical Inference</td>
<td>Populations and samples, statistical modelling, probability distributions, fitting a model</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process</td>
<td>Basic tools(plots, graphs and summary statistics) of Exploratory Data Analysis, Philosophy of EDA</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Feature Generation and Feature Selection (Extracting Meaning From Data)</td>
<td>Motivating application: user (customer) retention, Feature Generation (brainstorming, role of domain expertise, and place for imagination), Feature Selection algorithms</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Basic Machine Learning Algorithms</td>
<td>Classification and Clustering algorithms, Linear Regression, Logistic regression, k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN), k-means, Decision Trees, Random Forests</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td><strong>Mining Social-Network Graphs</strong></td>
<td>Social networks as graphs, Clustering of graphs, Direct discovery of communities in graphs, Partitioning of graphs, Neighborhood properties in graphs</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII</td>
<td><strong>Data Visualization</strong></td>
<td>Basic principles, ideas and tools for data visualization, Examples of inspiring (industry) projects,</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIII</td>
<td><strong>Data Science and Ethical Issues</strong></td>
<td>Discussions on privacy, security, ethics, A look back at Data Science, Next-generation data scientists</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Text Books:**


**Reference Books :**

1. Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman, Mining of Massive Datasets v2.1, Cambridge University Press, 2014 (free online)
3. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, Data Science for Business: What You Need to Know about Data Mining and Data-analytic Thinking, 2013.

**Suggested list of practical :**

1. Predict the class of a flower based on the available attributes for Iris data set.

2. Dream Housing Finance company deals in all home loans. They have presence across all urban, semi urban and rural areas. Customer first apply for home loan after that company validates the customer eligibility for loan. Company wants to automate the loan eligibility process (real time) based on customer detail provided while filling online application form. These details are Gender, Marital Status, Education, Number of Dependents, Income, Loan Amount, Credit History and others. To automate this process, they have given a problem to identify the customers segments, those are eligible for loan amount so that they can specifically target these customers.

3. Refer to the Wine Quality data set on the following link:
   
   Predict the quality of wine.

**Note:** All programs to be implemented using Python